

**Correction.** Paclitaxel-induced cytotoxicity—the effects of cremophor EL (castor oil) on two human breast cancer cell lines with acquired multidrug resistant phenotype and induced expression of the permeability glycoprotein. This paper, by M.-L. Fjällskog, L. Frii and J. Bergh, was published in volume 30A, no. 5, pages 687–690.

The authors have informed us that errors occurred in the calculation of the concentrations of cremophor EL and ethanol within this paper. The maximum concentration of the combination of cremophor EL/ethanol should be 0.083 rather than 0.23, and therefore in Figures 1a, 1c, 2a and 2c, the X-axis should read 0.00083, 0.0083 and 0.083 rather than 0.0023, 0.023 and 0.23, respectively. The corresponding ethanol concentrations on the X-axis of Figures 1b and 2b should be 0.002, 0.02 and 0.2 rather than 0.0023, 0.023 and 0.23, respectively. In Table 1, all numbers under the heading “CrEL/Eth” should be divided by 2.77 to obtain the correct values. Any reference in the text to the cremophor EL or ethanol concentrations should be similarly altered. According to the authors, these changes have no effect on the statistical significance nor the interpretation of the results.

Note that an erroneous deletion was made from page 689, paragraph 3, which should read “Generally, ZR 75-1-dox showed a steeper dose–response curve (significance level from  $P < 0.0001$  to  $P = 0.04$ ), except at 0.05  $\mu\text{g/ml}$  of paclitaxel, for the paclitaxel formulation in cremophor EL/ethanol.....”.

For further details and clarification, the authors may be contacted directly.